

**California Baptist University
Main Campus and Related
Non-Campus Properties**

Prepared by:

ANNUAL SECURITY REPORT

Clery Act Overview

institutions of higher education receiving federal financial aid to report certain crime statistics on college campuses and to provide other safety and crime information to members of the campus community. Subsequent legislation has expanded the types of information collected and required additional disclosures to further inform the campus community. California Baptist University provides this report annually to comply with the letter and intent of the Clery Act.

Background

The current Clery Act is the latest version of law initially passed by Congress in 1990 as part of the Higher Education Opportunity Act, also known as the Clery Act. The Clery Act is a federal law that requires institutions of higher education receiving federal financial aid to report certain crime statistics on college campuses and to provide other safety and crime information to members of the campus community. Subsequent legislation has expanded the types of information collected and required additional disclosures to further inform the campus community. California Baptist University provides this report annually to comply with the letter and intent of the Clery Act.

enforcement agency that provides reporting, investigative, and/or enforcement services to the CBU properties. That information is reviewed to ensure accurate reporting, reported to the U.S. Department of Education, and published in this Annual Security Report. By October 1 of e nBT/F3 9.96 Tf1 1af1d 9.96 1a17(al) n-32(a-3

Stalking engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress, which includes the use of technology (such as via the Internet or similar means).

CAMPUS SECURITY RESPONSIBILITIES AND POLICIES

Department of Safety Services

To the extent reasonably achievable, it is the goal of California Baptist University to protect members of the

University. CBU takes complaints very seriously and will work with Complainants to ensure their safety and to remedy the situation. Reporting resources are listed below.

Reporting Resources

- Emergencies (Riverside Police Department):
911
- Non-Emergencies (Riverside Police Department):
(951) 787-7911
- Department of Safety Services
(951) 343-4311
Emergency call boxes (blue phones) are placed at strategic locations throughout the main campus to provide an additional resource for use in contacting DSS.
- Student Services
(951) 343-4217
- Title IX Coordinator (Student Services) at (

Access to University Campuses and Non-Campus Properties

The public portion of all University facilities is accessible at designated entrance points during hours scheduled for conducting of business appropriate to that facility. Gated entries are generally open during business or posted hours. All gates are closed/locked after business hours except the main gates to the main campus. Main gates are continuously available for access for permitted purposes except in cases of emergency.

Access to Academic, Recreational, and Administrative Facilities

Staff, faculty, and students at California Baptist University are permitted access during applicable hours to academic, administrative, and recreational facilities on campus. Certain offices, labs and other areas are protected by intrusion alarms and closed circuit monitoring cameras. Department of Safety Services employees may be contacted to provide access to authorized persons.

Access to Residence Halls, Apartments, and Individual Housing Units

Residential areas of the University are locked 24 hours per day and are accessible only to resident and University employees upon a resident request or as-required basis for maintenance, safety, or rule violation. Entrance doors to secured areas may not be propped open, except with University authorization. Lost keys/access cards or compromised codes require re-keying or new codes facilities and Planning Department.

The University does not have a policy or procedure of randomly searching residential areas. The University may inspect areas any time there exists evidence or reasonable suspicion of a health, safety, or maintenance hazard, security issue, criminal activity, or rule/policy violation. Authorization to inspect or search for other than routine maintenance issues is conducted under authorization of the Director of the Department of Safety Services or Associate Vice President for Students Services prior to initiation of the action.

Access by the Public to Cultural or Recreational Events

Members of the public are permitted access to on-campus cultural or recreational events but are restricted to the facilities in which the event is staged and any supporting facilities such as public restrooms, parking lots, sidewalks,

Access to Facilities (Visitors)

Students who invite others onto campus are responsible for conveying applicable University regulations to their visitors

Alcoholic Beverages

The on-campus manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, sale, or use of alcoholic beverages in any form by any person, regardless of age, is a violation of the policies of California Baptist University and will be referred for judicial proceedings. Such violations may also be referred to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

Illegal Drugs

The manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession, sale, or use of controlled substances identified in Federal or State law or regulations is a violation of the policies of California Baptist University and will be referred for judicial proceedings. Su

or greater than 50% chance) that the accused student violated the Standard of Student Conduct.

In Title IX cases (e.g., alleged dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking offenses), the accuser and the accused have the opportunity to have an advocate present during a hearing. Refer to the Student Handbook or the appropriate employee policy for more information.

Parties involved will be given written notice of the outcome within one (1) day of the determination.

Sanctions

specified period of time and followed by a Hearing. Allegations that may warrant interim suspension include but are not limited to the following:

Sexual misconduct;

Hosting or in any way assisting or promoting a gathering that includes underage consumption of alcohol, illegal drugs, controlled substances, or any indication of being under the influence of alcohol;

Sale, distribution, use, or possession of illegal drugs;

Use or possession of dangerous weapons;

Theft of or damage to property;

Abusing and/or impeding the CBU judicial system;

Physical abuse of any person or action that threatens or endangers the emotional well-being, health, or safety of any person, including oneself; and/or

Written, verbal, or nonverbal threats of harm to members of the University community or the community as a whole, including oneself.

Expulsion permanent separation of the student from the University. Expelled students are denied the privilege to remain on University Premises, visit the campus, or participate in any academic or other activity of the University. Only under the most unusual circumstances will an expelled student be readmitted to the University.

Confidentiality

All University employees except University Officials designated as _____ must report known felonies to the police, either directly or through Safety Services. University Official designated as Confidential Resources are

Coordinator will work with the appropriate supervisor to make alternative work assignments upon request by the student employee filing the complaint.

The University reserves the right to take whatever measures it deems necessary in response to an

Not all forms of sexual misconduct will be deemed to be equally serious offenses, and the University reserves the right to impose differing sanctions, ranging from a warning to expulsion, depending on the severity of the offense.

Counseling Services Available t

Those who have experienced a recent or past incident of sexual assault can expect confidentiality and support from various University and community-based counseling programs. Victims have the right to be treated with respect and taken seriously, and their choice of action will be respected.

Sexual assault is a general term used to describe many forms of sexual offenses. Any unwanted sexual contact or sexual attention committed by force, fear, duress, menace, trick, or violence is a sexual assault. It includes rape, attempted rape, spousal rape, oral copulation, sodomy, sexual battery, and insertion of a foreign object.

Rape is defined as non-consensual sexual intercourse accomplished through force or threat of force or when a person is unable to consent due to mental disorder, disability, drugs, or alcohol. Rape is not an intimate relationship. Rape is a crime of violence, anger, and power. It is a crime that controls, humiliates,

employee to notify the Title IX Coordinator. If information exists that poses a credible threat to the campus community, a warning notice will be released immediately through the Department of Safety Services.

Those who are sexually assaulted have the same basic rights and considerations as any crime victim including, but not limited to the following.

- Respect and dignity, regardless of gender, race, income level, physical abilities, cognitive abilities, or sexual, medical, or mental health history
- Timely access to emergency and crisis counseling services

Non-Campus Properties

CRIMINAL OFFENSES	2900 Adams Street*	Aviation**
--------------------------	--------------------	------------

Section 2

Disclosure of Fire Safety Information and Statistics

Act Overview

Under legislation enacted at the time of reauthorization of the Higher Education Opportunity Act in 2009, institutions of higher learning were required, for the first time, to collect and report fire safety information and statistics on occurrences to the Department of Education. The same legislation also requires publication of this information in an Annual Fire Safety Report to the university community, which is included as a part of this Annual Security Report.

Act Requirements

The legislation contains the following substantive requirements.

1. The Annual Fire Safety Report must contain statistical information on the following:
 - a. Numbers of fires and cause of each fire;
 - b. Number of deaths and/or injuries related to each fire; and
 - c. Value of property damage related to the fire.
2. In addition, the Annual Fire Safety Report must contain:
 - a. Description of the fire safety system for each on-campus student housing facility;
 - b. Number of fire drills held during the previous calendar year;
 - c. Institutions policies or rules on portable electrical appliances, smoking, and open flames in student housing facilities;
 - d. Procedures for student housing evacuation;
 - e. Policies for fire

3866 Mattie	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3815 Melody	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3827 Melody	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3483 Monroe	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3752 Monroe	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3762 Monroe	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3770 Monroe	Single-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3387 Nimes	Two-Story	Yes	No	No	0
3394 Nimes	Two-Story	Yes	No	No	0

Appendix A Definition of Terms

The Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) system, developed by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) utilizes the following definitions in preparation of documentation and statistics relating the reporting of crime by all municipal, county, state, federal and other law enforcement agencies. Those same definitions are

Criminal Homicide-Murder and Non negligent Manslaughter The willful (Non negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Criminal Homicide-Manslaughter by Negligence The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses-Forcible Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

A. Forcible Rape The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that

Liquor Law Violations The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition).

Hate Crimes

Call Safety Services or the police if you see anyone, or any circumstance that appears to be suspicious. Do not endanger your safety, but provide as much information as possible.

Crime Prevention Automobiles

Keep all doors locked and windows up when you are in your vehicle or leave it unattended. Always remove the ignition key when leaving your vehicle.

within the vehicle (glovebox or other cargo hold, completely under the seat or behind the rearmost seat in a truck).

Park in well-lit, well-traveled designated parking areas. Do not park in deserted areas of the campus. Consider installing tamper-proof door locks, alarms and anti-theft devices such as steering wheel locks, secondary ignition switches, or fuel shut-offs.

Crime Prevention Workplace

Lock doors when work areas are not being used, when workers are out of sight of the door, and when working at night. Lock windows that are accessible from outside.

Be sure that self-locking doors shut tightly when leaving the building. Never prop open a lockable door.

Never open secured doors to allow unrecognized individuals to access buildings. 12 792 re W* n BT /F3 9.96 Tf 1

Never leave keys in an unlocked drawer, desk or cabinet. Do not tape keys under desk drawers, or in file cabinets.

Petty cash, stamps, à 64U^